



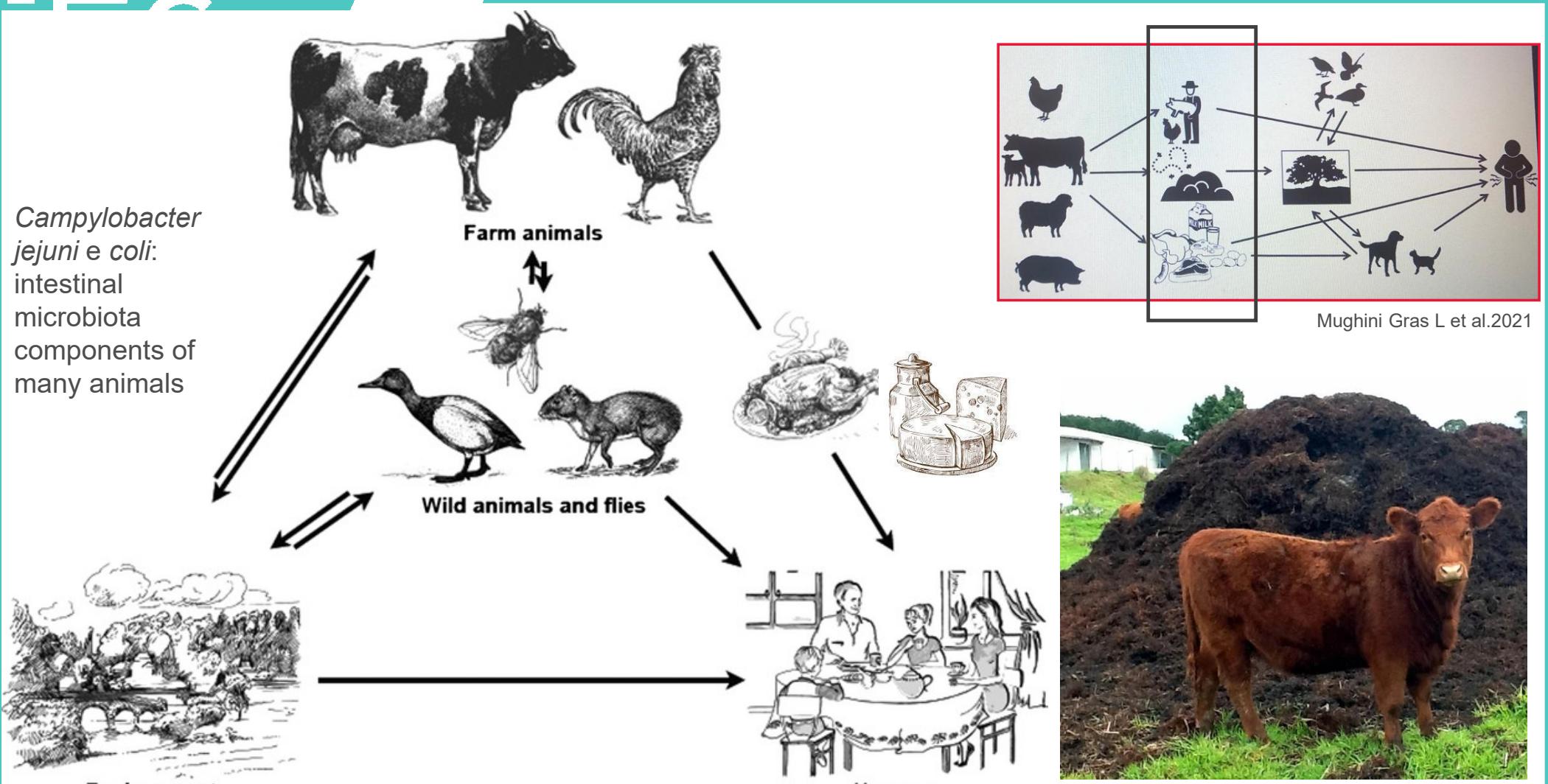
LABORATORIO
NAZIONALE
DI RIFERIMENTO PER
CAMPYLOBACTER

CAMPYLOBACTER GENOMIC SURVEILLANCE IN CATTLE

Giuliano Garofolo

EURL-Campylobacter workshop 2022,
26-28 September

TRANSMISSION



PREVALENCE IN ANIMALS



- France **39,3%** in adult bovine and **99,4%** in calves (Thépault Amandine et al., 2018)
- USA, **71%** in farm bovine (Cha et al., 2017)
- UK **54.6%** (Milnes et al., 2008)
- Scotland **22%** (Rotariu et al., 2009)
- New Zealand **51%** in dairy cattle and **65%** in calves (Gilpin et al., 2008)
- Austria **33%** in diarys and 14.4% (*C. jejuni*) in calves (Klein T et al., 2013)
- Finland **31%** in cattle (Hakkinen et al., 2007)
- Ireland **11,8%** (Tizazu et al., 2020)
- Norway **8,1%**
- Ethiopia **11,0%** (Tefera Woldemariam., 2009)
- Scotland **25%** (Rotariu et al. 2009)
- Ghana **19%** (Karikari et al. 2017)
- Ethiopia **9,4%** (Tefera Woldemariam., 2009)
- Kenya **6,3%**
- Canada **2,7%**



0.4% a 12%

Italy – 12% Bianchini et al 2014,
Italy – 6.45% Giacometti et al 2012,
USA – 2% Jayarao et al 2006
Svezia 12% /13% - EURL Campylobacter studies
Francia 1.4% Desmasures et al. 1997
Olanda 4.5% Beumer et al. 1988
Germania 0,5% Messlhausser et al. 2008
Irlanda 1.6% Whyte et al. 2004
Repubblica Ceca 3% Bardon et al. 2012

PREVALENCE IN FOOD



~ 0%

Canada - 0%
Finlandia - 0.5%
Fino al 5% in Belgium
0.58%. LNR Campylobacter & IIZSS study

These results contrast with the prevalence data found in ruminants

It is likely that hygiene in the slaughtering process is an important factor in preventing carcass contamination

Lower-middle-income countries

- Da 14% a 7.5% bovine meat in **Malesia**
- 12% bovine meat in **Etiopia**
- 9% for sheep and goat meat in **Etiopia**
- 10.9% bovine meat in **Pakistan**
- 5.1% for sheep and goat meat in **Pakistan**
- 10% bovine meat in **Iran**

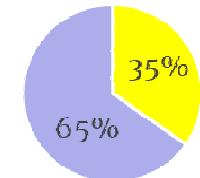
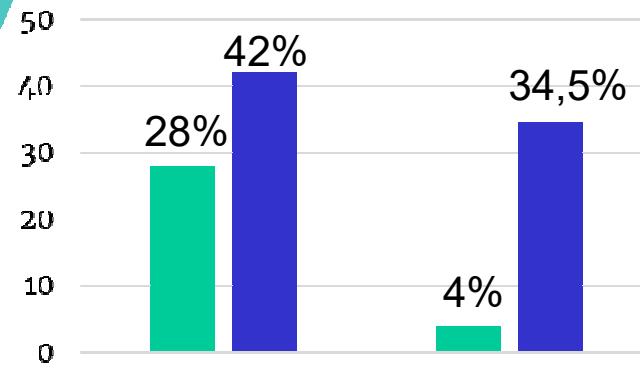
AIM AND SAMPLING



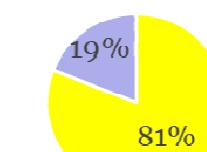
LABORATORIO
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1. collect new data on the **prevalence** of thermotolerant *Campylobacter* on carcasses and faeces of ruminants sampled at the slaughterhouse, in milk and on dairy products
2. **characterize** the strains
3. study the **survival potential** of different *Campylobacter* clones in milk and / or dairy products





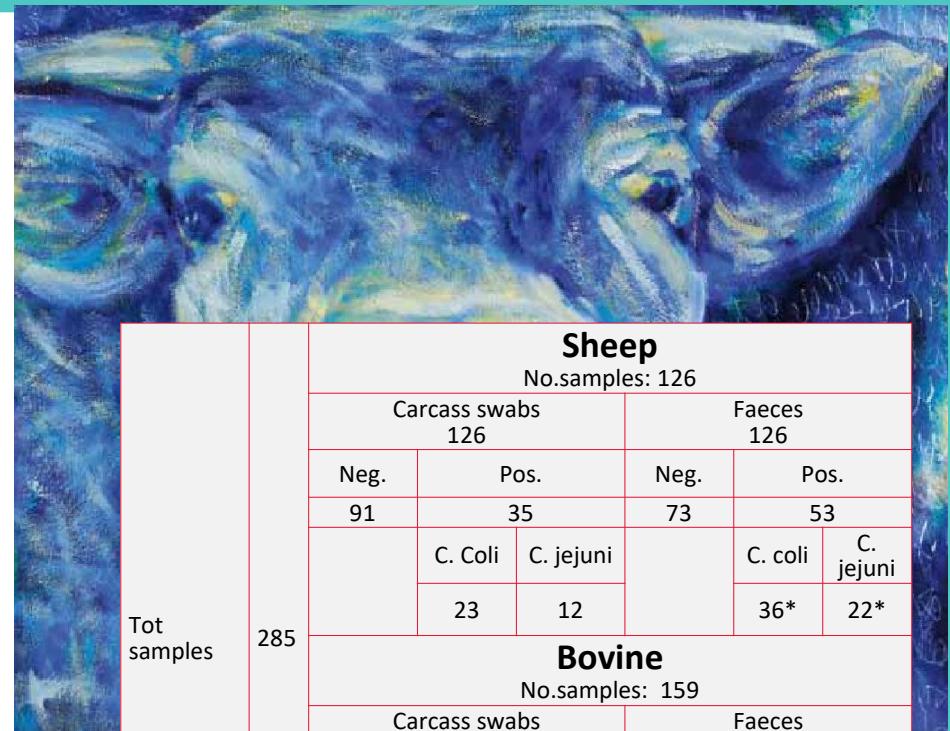
■ C.jejuni ■ C.coli



■ C.jejuni ■ C.coli



RESULTS-prevalence in animals



*the disagreement with the number of positives is due to the fact that some tested positive for both *C. coli* and *C. jejuni*.

RESULTS-prevalence in food

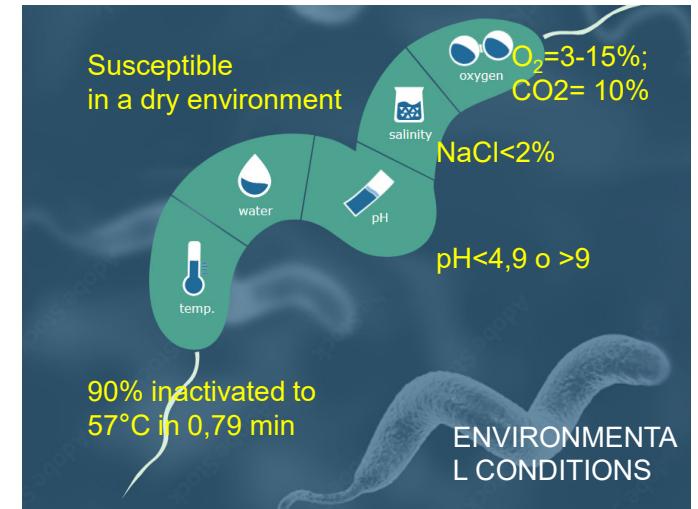
79 milk samples

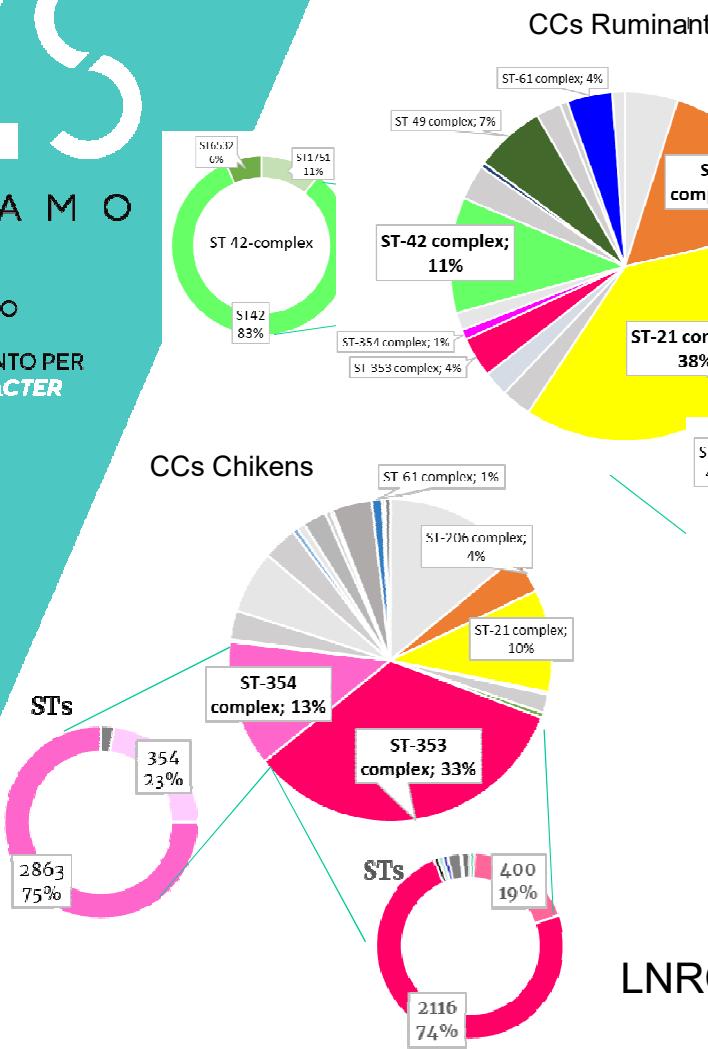
6,4% POS

33 dairy products

Formaggio "Primo Sale"
Mozzarella "Bocconcini"
Formaggio Caciotta
Formaggio Fior di latte
Caciocavallo
Formaggio vaccino
Burro vaccino
yogurt

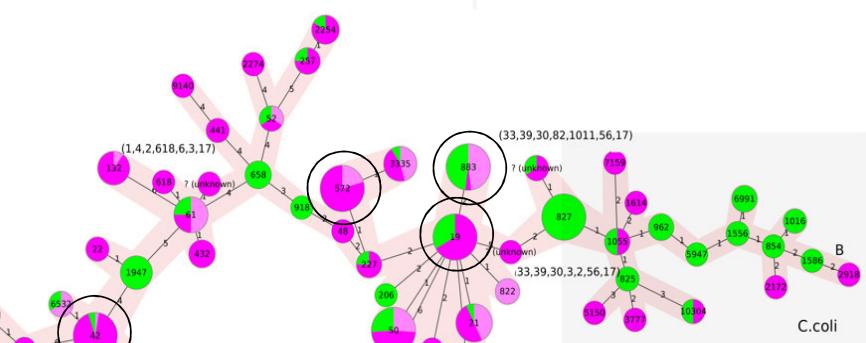
NEGATIVES





RESULTS-MLST

N= 430 *C. jejuni* (22.3% from bovine food, 58.4% from bovine and 33.2% from sheep)
 N= 70 *C. jejuni* (16% from bovine and 184% from sheep)



Task Templates: C. jejuni/coli MLST v1.1, C. jejuni/coli cgMLST v1.3
 C. jejuni/coli cgNLST Complex Type / Cluster-Alert distance: 13
 Comparison Table Retrieval: jejuni_coli_da_giu2020 [unstored]
 Projects: jejuni_coli_da_giu2020 (Campylobacter jejuni/coli)
 Comparison Table created: 17-giu-2022 9.26 (v6.0.2, (2019-06))
 Ridom SeqSphere+ MST for 500 Samples based on 7 columns, no missing values
 Distance based on columns from C. jejuni/coli MLST (7)
 For citing correctly in publications the tools used for this analysis see menu Help | Citations.
 Cluster distance threshold: 13

● Alimenti
● ovini
● Bovini



OUTBREAK IN ABRUZZO ST 883

> J Med Microbiol. 2021 Mar;70(3). doi: 10.1099/jmm.0.001262. Epub 2021 Jan 20.

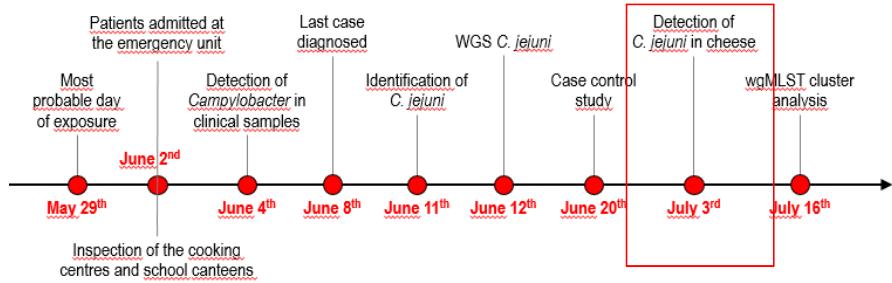
A large food-borne outbreak of campylobacteriosis in kindergartens and primary schools in Pescara, Italy, May–June 2018

Simona Sorgentone ¹, Luca Busani ², Paolo Calistri ³, Giorgio Robuffo ¹, Stefania Bellino ², Vicidalia Acciari ³, Maurizio Ferri ¹, Caterina Graziani ⁴ ², Salvatore Antoci ³, Fabrizio Lodi ¹, Valeria Alfonsi ⁵ ², Cesare Cammà ³, Paolo Fazio ⁶, Xanthi Andrianou ², Francesca Cito ³, Giuliano Lombardi ⁶, Gabriella Centorotolo ³, Massimo D'Amario ¹, Nicola D'Alterio ³, Vincenzo Savini ⁶, Fabrizio De Massis ³, Anna Pelatti ⁶, Marco Di Domenico ³, Guido Di Donato ³, Elisabetta Di Giannatale ³, Lisa Di Marcantonio ³, Violeta Di Marzio ³, Gabriella Di Serafino ³, Anna Janowicz ³, Cristina Marfoglia ³, Francesca Marotta ³, Daniela Morelli ³, Giacomo Migliorati ³, Diana Neri ³, Francesco Pomilio ³, Silvia Scattolini ³, Giovanni Rezza ⁷ ², Antonio Caponetti ⁷, Patrizio Pezzotti ², Giuliano Garofolo ³

Affiliations + expand

PMID: 33475480 DOI: 10.1099/jmm.0.001262

Laboratory investigation in chronological order



883ST-21 complex in cheese
after 35 gg

APPLIED AND ENVIRONMENTAL MICROBIOLOGY, Nov. 1982, p. 1154–1158
0099-2240/82/111154-05\$02.00/0
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Prevalence and Survival of *Campylobacter jejuni* in Unpasteurized Milk

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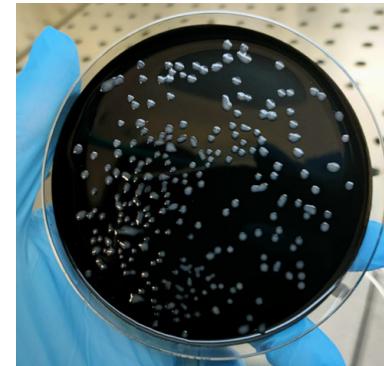
Received 7 May 1982/Accepted 8 July 1982

RESEARCH ARTICLE

Persistent contamination of raw milk by *Campylobacter jejuni* ST-883

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- Food examined → (ready-to-eat):
 - 2 CT on **ricotta cheese**, at 4°C and 7°C,
(Inoculum : 2×10^9 CFU/ml (9,30 log))
 - 1 CT on **pasteurized whole milk**, at 4°C and 7°C
(Inoculum : 2×10^9 CFU/ml (9,30 log))

CHALLENGE TEST

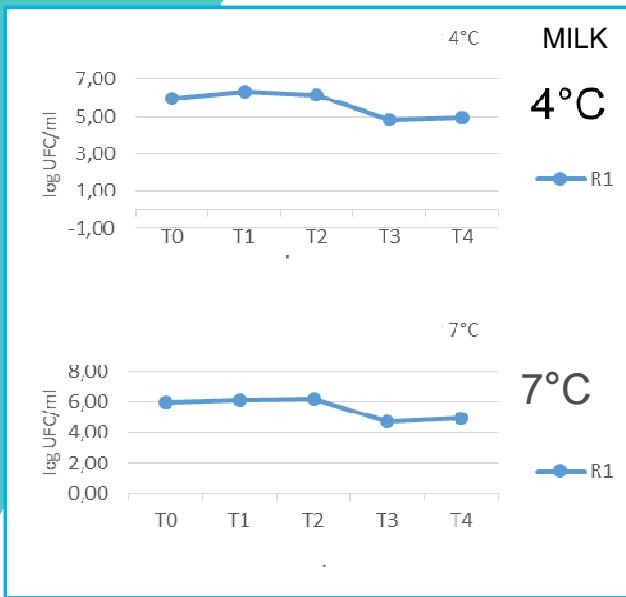
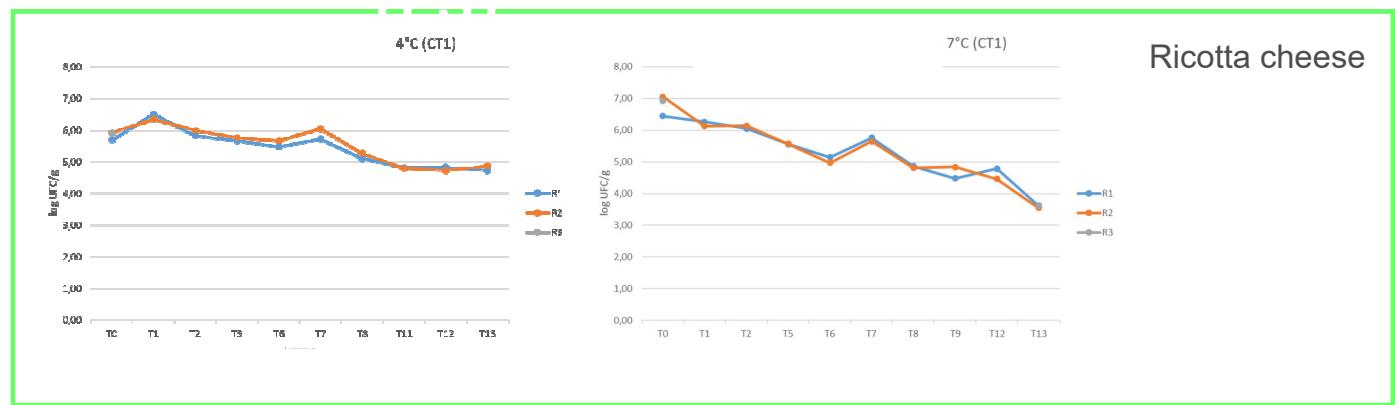


Strain: *Campylobacter jejuni* M1

(Friis C, TM, et al., 2010)

- ISO 20976-1:2019 Microbiology of the food chain — Requirements and guidelines for conducting challenge tests of food and feed products
- EUR Lm TECHNICAL GUIDANCE DOCUMENT on challenge tests and durability studies for assessing shelf-life of ready-to-eat foods related to *Listeria monocytogenes* (Version 4 of 1 July 2021) - ANSES

PRELIMINARY RESULTS_CHALLENGE



	RICOTTA CT1		RICOTTA CT2		MILK	
	4°C	7°C	4°C	7°C	4°C	7°C
period	14 days	14 days	14 days	14 days	5 days	5 days
Δ (T0 - T END)	-1,05	-3,22	-1,96	-2,12	-1,03	-1,00

infectious dose= 500 CFU/180ml milk

Robinson, D. A. (1981). Infective dose of *Campylobacter jejuni* in milk. British medical journal (Clinical research ed.), 282(6276), 1584.

CONCLUSIONI



Ruminants important *Campylobacter* reservoirs and amplifiers in Italy

STs of ruminants different from STs of poultry and superimposable with those of humans

Pasteurization reduces zoonotic risks in milk, but care should be taken with post-treatment recontamination

In the cheese and milk models tested, the concentrations of *C.jejuni* used pose a health risk to the consumer

The increase in habits of consuming raw foods, proper hygiene must be guaranteed starting from primary production. Farm management, waste disposal and water control are essential.



NRL-IT *Campylobacter*
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